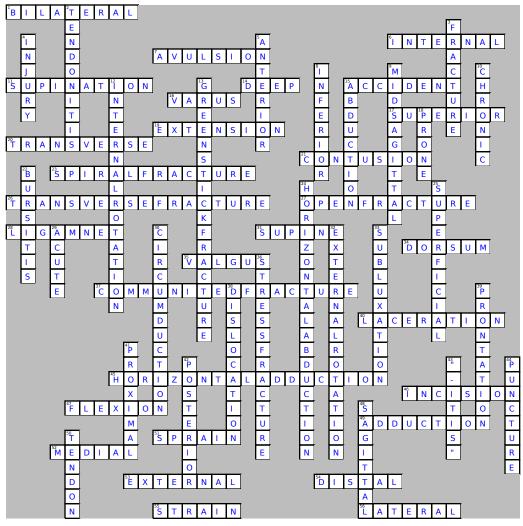
Terminology Review



- 1 6
- having two sides, or pertaining to both sides situated or occurring on the inside; Located, acting, or effective

- situated or occurring on the inside; Located, acting, or effective within the body forcible tearing away or seperation Applied to the hand, the act of turning the palm forward (anteriorly) or upward, performed by lateral rotation of the forearm situated far beneath the surface occuring by chance or without intention position of a body part that is bent inward situated above, or directed upward the movement by which the two ends of any jointed part are drawn away from each other: the bringing of the members of a limb into or toward a straight condition one passing horizontally through the body, at right angles to the sagittal and frontal planes, and dividing the body into upper and lower portions.

- one passing norizontally through rice body, at right angles to the sagittal and frontal planes, and dividing the body into upper and lower portions.
 bruise or injury to soft tissue that does not break the skin one in which the bone has been twisted apart bilateral horizontal fracture

 A fracture in which broken bone fragments lacerate soft tissue and protrude through an open wound in the skin a band of fibrous tissue connecting bones or cartilages, serving to support and strengthen joints lying with the face upward, or on the dorsal surface

 The back of a body part that is bent outward one in which the bone is splintered or crushed the act of tearing: a torn, ragged, mangled wound movement of a limb toward the midline or axis of the body staying within the horizontal plane a cut or a wound made by cutting: the act of cutting the act of bending or the condition of being bent movement of a body part towards the midline of the body injury to a joint or the surrounding structures, primarily ligaments and/or joint capsule pertaining to the point of reference closest to the midline of the

- and/or joint capsule pertaining to the point of reference closest to the midline of the body situated or occurring on the outside: Relating to, connected with, or existing on the outside farthest from the point of reference injury involving muscles and tendons or the juctions between the two, commonly known as the musculotendinous juction pertaining to the point of reference away from the midline of the body 52
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- Down inflammation of a tendon
- a break or crack in bone
- act that damages or hurts before or in front of situated below, or directed downward; in anatomy, used in reference to the lower surface of a structure, or to the lower of two (or more)
- to the lower surface of a structure, or to the lower of two (or more) similar structures.

 a vertical plane through the midline of the body; divides the body into right and left halves one characterized by a slow, insidious onset, implying a gradual development of structural damage

 Movement of a joint, around its long axis, toward the midline of the

- Movement of a joint, around its long axis, toward the influence of a body one in which one side of a bone is broken and the other is bent, most commonly seen in children movement of a body part away from the midline of the body lying face downward inflammation of a bursa movement of a limb away from the midline or axis of the body staying within the horizontal plane pertaining to or situated near the surface characterized by a rapid onset, resulting from a traumatic event the act of moving a limb such as the arm or hip in a circular motion Movement of a joint, around its long axis, away from the midline of the body

- wovement or a joint, around its long axis, away from the midline or the body partial or incomplete dislocation of an articulation that caused by unusual or repeated stress on a bone the displacement of contiguous surfaces of bones comprising a joint Applied to the hand, the act of turning the palm backward (posteriorly) or downward, performed by medial rotation of the forearm forearm
- nearest to the point of reference toward the rear or back inflammation of

- the act of piercing or penetrating with a pointed object or instrument A longitudinal plane that divides the body of a bilaterally symmetrical animal into right and left sections a fibrous cord of connective tissue continuous with the fibers of a
- muscle and attaching the muscle to bone or cartilage